

RECEIVED  
CENTRAL FAX CENTER

FEB 28 2007

Serial No. 09/875,311  
Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007  
Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of the claims in this application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A process for cleaning a surface, said process comprising the steps of:
  - (a) contacting the surface with an aqueous cleaning composition having a pH of less than 9, said cleaning composition comprising:
    - (i) a polymer which renders the surface hydrophilic, said polymer selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl pyrrolidone polymers, polyvinyl pyridine N-oxide polymers, and mixtures thereof; and
    - (ii) a nanoparticle clay mineral; and
  - (b) then rinsing the surface with purified rinse water which is sprayed from a hand-held spray dispenser attached to a hose in communication with a source of tap water, said hand-held spray dispenser comprising a water purifying device which comprises an ion exchange resin, wherein the purified rinse water is prepared by the tap water passing through said water purifying device.
2. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1, wherein the surface is a soiled surface, further comprising a step of pre-wetting the soiled surface prior to contacting the soiled surface with the cleaning composition.
3. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 further comprising a step of rinsing the surface with the tap water between the step of contacting the surface with the cleaning composition and the step of rinsing the surface with purified rinse water.

Serial No. 09/875,311  
Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007  
Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

4. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the surface is selected from the group consisting of: glass, plastic, metal, chrome metal, varnished or sealed surfaces, and an exterior surface of a vehicle.
5. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the cleaning composition modifies the surface to render it hydrophilic, providing a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 80°.
6. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 5 wherein the cleaning composition modifies the surface to render it hydrophilic, providing a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 40°.
7. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 6 wherein the cleaning composition modifies the surface to render it hydrophilic, providing a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 20°.
8. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of: N-vinylimidazole N-vinylpyrrolidone (PVPVI) polymers, polyvinyl pyridine N-oxide (PVNO) polymers, quaternized vinylpyrrolidone/dialkylaminoalkyl acrylate or methacrylate copolymers and mixtures thereof.
9. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the cleaning composition additionally comprises one or more components selected from the group consisting of surfactants, chelants, enzymes, builders, bleaching agents, soil release agents, disinfectants, brighteners, UV protectants, corrosion inhibitors and mixtures thereof.
10. - 11 (Canceled)
12. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the ion exchange resin is selected from the group consisting of: a single ion exchange resin, a mixture of ion exchange resins or layers of such resins, and a combination of mixed and layered ion exchange resins.

Serial No. 09/875,311  
Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007  
Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

13. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the water purifying device comprises at least three layers of ion exchange resin.
14. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the ion exchange resin of the water purifying device produces a visual indication of depletion of purifying capacity of the ion exchange resin.
15. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein the cleaning composition is sprayed from a hand-held spray dispenser onto the surface.
16. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 15 wherein the cleaning composition and the purified rinse water are sprayed from the same hand-held spray dispenser.
- 17.-21. (Canceled)
22. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said cleaning composition further comprises a nonionic surfactant.
23. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said cleaning composition further comprises one type of surfactant, wherein said one type of surfactant consists essentially of one or more nonionic surfactants.
24. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 23 wherein said one or more nonionic surfactants comprise alkyl polysaccharide surfactants.
- 25.-26. (Canceled)
27. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein after the surface is rinsed with purified water, the surface remains hydrophilic with a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 80° following at least one additional rinse.
28. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein after the surface is rinsed with purified water, the surface remains hydrophilic with a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 80° following at least three additional rinses.

Serial No. 09/875,311  
Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007  
Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

29. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein after the surface is rinsed with purified water, the surface remains hydrophilic with a contact angle between water and the surface of less than 80° following at least five additional rinses.

30. (Canceled)

31. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said water purifying device comprises at least a strong acid cation ion exchange resin and a weak base anion ion exchange resin.

32. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 16 wherein said hand-held spray dispenser further comprises a container for storing the cleaning composition.

33.-37. (Canceled)

38. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said nanoparticle clay mineral has a particle size from about 20 nm to about 30 nm.

39. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 38 wherein said nanoparticle clay mineral is a hydrous lithium magnesium silicate clay mineral.

40. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said ion exchange resin comprises resin beads having a diameter of less than about 1.0 mm.

41. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 40 wherein said ion exchange resin comprises resin beads having a diameter of less than about 0.4 mm.

42. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 1 wherein said water purifying device comprises an ion exchange resin having a volume capacity of no greater than 100 in<sup>3</sup>.

43. (Previously Presented) A process for cleaning an external surface of a vehicle, said process comprising the steps of:

- (a) providing a hand-held spray dispenser attached to a hose in communication with a source of tap water, said hand-held spray dispenser comprising:

Serial No. 09/875,311

Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007

Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

(i) a container for storing a cleaning composition, said cleaning composition comprising a polymer having at least one hydrophobic or cationic moiety and at least one hydrophobic moiety,

wherein said hydrophobic moiety is selected from the group consisting of aromatic groups, C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> linear or branched carbon chains, vinyl imidazole groups, and propoxy groups,

wherein said cationic moiety is selected from any group that is positively charged or has a positive dipole, and

wherein said hydrophilic moiety is selected from the group consisting of vinyl pyrrolidone groups, acrylic acid groups, methacrylic acid groups, maleic acid groups, and ethoxy groups;

(ii) a water purifying device comprising an ion exchange resin, wherein purified rinse water is prepared by the tap water passing through said water purifying device; and

(iii) a system enabling a user to switch between spraying the cleaning composition, spraying the purified rinse water, and spraying the tap water, all from the same hand-held spray dispenser;

(b) spraying the external surface of the vehicle with the cleaning composition from the hand-held spray dispenser; and

(c) then rinsing the external surface of the vehicle with the purified rinse water from the hand-held spray dispenser.

44. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 43 further comprising a step of rinsing the external surface of the vehicle with the tap water between the step of spraying the external

Serial No. 09/875,311  
Amendment and Response filed February 28, 2007  
Reply to Office Action dated 11/30/06

surface of the vehicle with the cleaning composition and the step of rinsing the external surface of the vehicle with the purified rinse water.

45. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 43 wherein said polymer is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl pyrrolidone polymers, polyvinyl pyridine N-oxide polymers, and mixtures thereof.

46. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 43 wherein said polymer is selected from the group consisting of N-vinylimidazole N-vinylpyrrolidone (PVPVI) polymers, polyvinyl pyridine N-oxide (PVNO) polymers, quaternized vinylpyrrolidone/dialkylaminoalkyl acrylate or methacrylate copolymers and mixtures thereof.

47. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 43 wherein the cleaning composition further comprises a nanoparticle clay mineral.

48. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 47 wherein said nanoparticle clay mineral has a particle size from about 20 nm to about 30 nm.

49. (Previously Presented) The process of Claim 43 wherein the cleaning composition stored in the container is mixed with tap water within the hand-held spray dispenser, such that the cleaning composition further comprises tap water prior to the cleaning composition being sprayed on the external surface of the vehicle.